

Transport statistics

December 2019

Tirana, 27 January 2020: The volume of freight loading/unloading in ports, in December 2019 is 354 thousand / tonnes, increasing 5.9 % compared to December 2018.

In 2019, the volume of freight loading/unloading in ports is 4.5 million/tonnes, increasing by 14.5 % compared to 2018.

The volume of freight transported by rail in December 2019 is 419 thousand / tonnes–km decreasing by 83.4 % compared to December 2018.

In 2019, volume of freights transported by rail is 19.2 million tonnes-km, decreasing by 6.0 % compared to 2018.

Tab. 1 Volume of freight transported by sea, by rail and by air

Period	By sea tonnes	By rail 000/tonnes.km	By air* tonnes
December- 2018	334,561	2,532	231
December- 2019	354,387	419	247
Annual change (%)	5.9	-83.4	7.1
January – December 2018	3,889,509	20,415	2,245
January – December 2019	4,455,033	19,181	2,372
Progressive annual change (%)	14.5	-6.0	5.7

* Includes freights and mail

Source: Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy, calculations of INSTAT

Note: The volume of freight by rail transport in December 2019 decreased by 83.4% compared to December 2018, due to lack of fuel on the Albanian Railway.

In December 2019, the volume of freights transported by air is 247 tonnes, increasing by 7.1 % compared to December 2018.

In 2019, the volume of freights transported by air is 2,372 tonnes, increasing by 5.7 % compared to 2018.

For Release 27/01/2020

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The number of flights, in December 2019, is 2,126, marking an increasing of 17.8 %, compared in December 2018.

Tab. 2 Air transport indicators

Period	Number of airlines	Number of flights	Number of overflights
December- 2018	15	1,978	9,930
December- 2019	17	2,330	10,275
Annual change (%)	13.3	17.8	3.5
January – December 2018	15	25,510	176,130
January – December 2019	17	28,695	188,032
Progressive annual change (%)	13.3	12.5	6.8

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Source: Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy, calculations of INSTAT

The number of passengers traveling by sea line in December 2019 is 78,600 passengers. Compared to December 2018, this indicator increased by 0.7 %. In 2019, 1,574,095 passengers travelled by sea, increased 3.4 % compared to 2018.

In December 2019, passenger air transport occupies 77.5 % of the total transport. The number of passengers traveling by air line, in 2019, is 3,338,147 passengers, increasing by 13.3 % compared to 2018.

Tab. 3 Passenger transport by mode of travel

Period	Passenger Transport		
	By rail	By sea	By air
December- 2018	2,405	78,060	227,261
December- 2019	257	78,600	271,659
Annual change (%)	-89.3	0.7	19.5
January – December 2017	75,881	1,522,896	2,947,172
January – December 2018	59,787	1,574,095	3,338,147
Progressive annual change (%)	-21.2	3.4	13.3

Source: Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy, calculations of INSTAT

Note: Number of passengers by rail transport in December 2019 decreased by 89.3% compared to December 2018, due to lack of fuel in the Albanian Railways.

Exports/Imports of goods by mode of transport

In December 2019, the value of goods traded (exports and imports) is 77.4 billion ALL and 50.5 % of them is transported by sea.

In 2019, value of goods traded (exports and imports) is 947.8 billion ALL and 51.9 % of them is transported by sea.

Tab.4 Exports/Imports of goods by mode of transport

Mode of transport	Export (billion ALL)				Import (billion ALL)			
	December 2018	December 2019	Jan - Dec 2018	Jan - Dec 2019	December 2018	December 2019	Jan - Dec 2018	Jan - Dec 2019
By sea	12,939	13,139	182,885	176,827	26,833	25,968	323,301	314,583
By rail	2	0	11	4	615	168	4,136	4,190
By road	8,192	8,400	113,393	116,897	26,162	25,633	280,102	283,523
By air	148	88	1,672	1,385	2,607	2,191	19,120	20,865
Other	361	264	12,475	3,665	3,862	1,532	14,805	25,905

Source: General Directorate of Customs

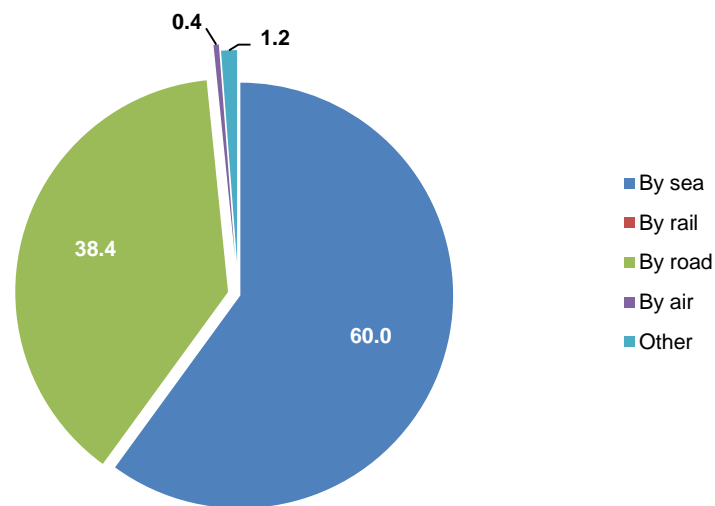
Exports of goods

In December 2019, goods exported by sea represent 60.0 %, by road 38.4 % and by air 0.4 % of total exports of goods. Goods exported by road increased by 2.5 % compared with a same period of previous year.

In 2019, goods exported by sea represent 59.2 %, by road 39.1 % and by air 0.5 %.

In 2019, goods exported by road increased by 3.1% compared to 2018.

Fig. 1 Structure of exports by mode of transport, December 2019



Source: General Directorate of Customs, INSTAT calculations

Imports of goods

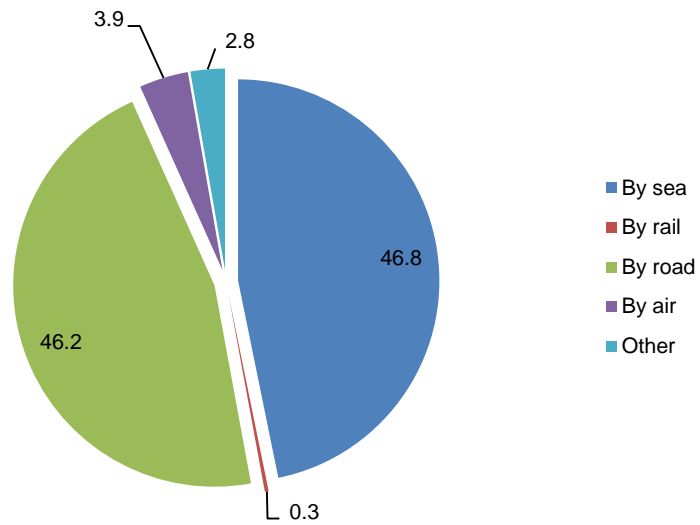
In December 2019, goods imported by sea represent 46.8 %, by road 46.2 % and by air 3.9 %.

Goods imported by road in December 2019 decreased by 2.0 % compared to December 2018.

In 2019, goods imported by sea represented 48.5%, by road 43.7 % and by air 3.2 %.

In 2019, goods imported by road increased by 1.2 % compared with previous year.

Fig. 2 Structure of imports by mode of transport, December 2019



Source: General Directorate of Customs, INSTAT calculations

Methodology

The Publication of Transport Statistics presents the results on the transport of goods and passengers by type, as well as the export and import of goods by mode of transport, on a monthly basis. The data are administrative. The main source of information is the Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy and General Directorate of Customs.

Definitions

Airlines include companies that transporting passengers and goods.

Transport: Movement of people and / or freights using various means of transport. Transport December is carried out by land, air and sea means.

Rail transport: Every movement of freights and / passengers using wheeled vehicles run on the track.

Maritime transport: Any movement of goods and / or passengers using commercial vessel trips, which are undertaken wholly or partly by sea.

Air transport: Any movement of freights and / or passengers using aircraft on trips, which are undertaken wholly or partly by air.

Exports are goods destined to a third country, placed under customs export or outward processing arrangements or re-exported following inward processing.

The FOB (free on board) value of exports of goods is the value of the goods at the exporter's customs frontier.

Imports are goods arrived from a third country and are directly placed, or are left in warehouse, under customs procedure of release for free circulation, inward processing or processing under customs control.

The cost, insurance and freight (CIF) price is the price of a good delivered at the frontier of the importing country, or the price of a service delivered to resident, before the payment of any import duties or other taxes on imports or trade and transport margins within the country.

NST-2007 is a statistical nomenclature for the goods transported by four modes of transport: road, rail, inland waterways and sea (maritime).

The data of maritime, rail and air transport are preliminary and subject to revision. For more refer: [Statistical revision policy](#)

Explanation of Symbols

0 value less than half of unit of measure

- no value